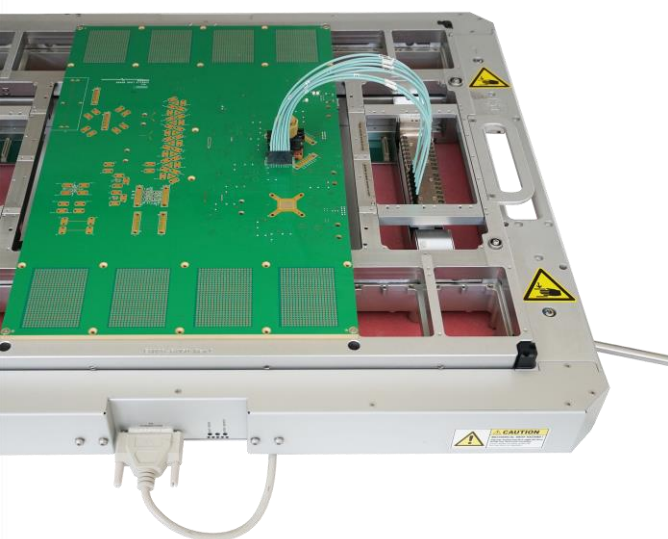




## AT4039E GUI User Manual

4-Lane | 23-29 & 46-58 GBaud | Bit Error Ratio Tester 400G | NRZ and PAM4

AT4039E GUI User Manual-rev1.5 (GB 20210316a)  
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*Caution statements identify conditions or practices that could result in damage to this product or other property.*

# CONTENTS

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<b>CONTENTS .....</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>INTRODUCTION .....</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>API and SmarTest Documents .....</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>Product Software .....</b>	<b>6</b>
Minimum PC Requirements .....	6
<b>Installation .....</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>First Steps .....</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>GUI Overview .....</b>	<b>8</b>
<b>Instrument Connect Field .....</b>	<b>8</b>
<b>PLL Lock and Temperature Status Field .....</b>	<b>8</b>
<b>Reading the installed Firmware Revision .....</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>Line Rate Configuration (Applies to all channels at once) .....</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>Mode &amp; Clock Out Settings (Apply to all channels at once) .....</b>	<b>10</b>
<b>Pre-Channel Settings .....</b>	<b>11</b>
<b>Taking Measurements .....</b>	<b>15</b>
<b>Bit Error Ratio Reading .....</b>	<b>15</b>
<b>BER Control .....</b>	<b>15</b>
<b>BER Table of Results .....</b>	<b>15</b>
<b>BER Graph .....</b>	<b>16</b>
<b>Histogram Analysis .....</b>	<b>16</b>
<b>Signal to Noise Ratio Analysis .....</b>	<b>17</b>
<b>Log file System .....</b>	<b>17</b>
<b>Saving and Loading Settings .....</b>	<b>18</b>
<i>How to Change IP Address and Update Firmware .....</i>	<i>18</i>

## Table of Figures

---

Figure 1: AT4039E GUI .....	8
Figure 2: Connect Via Ethernet .....	8
Figure 3: PLL Lock and Temperature Status .....	8
Figure 4: Reading the Installed Firmware Revision .....	9
Figure 5: Line Rate Configuration.....	9
Figure 6: Default Inner and Outer settings of 1000 and 2000 .....	14
Figure 7: Outer Eye is set 1600; Inner eye kept at 2000.....	14
Figure 8: BER Control panel.....	15
Figure 9: BER Graphs.....	16
Figure 10: PAM Histogram .....	16
Figure 11: NRZ Histogram .....	17
Figure 12: SNR ratio for PAM signal .....	17

## INTRODUCTION

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This is the user operation manual for the **AT4039E**. It covers the installation of its software package and explains how to operate the instrument for pattern generation and error detection; how to control the clocking system, inputs/outputs and all the available measurements.

Acronym	Definition
BERT	Bit Error Rate Tester
API	Application Programming Interface
NRZ	Non-Return to Zero
GBd	Gigabaud
PLL	Phase-Locked Loop
PPG	Pulse Pattern Generator
GHz	Gigahertz
PRD	Product Requirements Document
I/O	Input/Output
R&D	Research & Development
HW, FW, SW	Hardware, Firmware, Software
GUI	Graphical User Interface
ATE	Automatic Test Equipment
HSIO	High-Speed I/O

### API and SmarTest Documents

- This manual supports the instrument **AT4039E** and it is compatible with the Advantest V93000 HSIO test head extender frame/twinning.
- All APIs are available for Linux and tested under Smartest 7. For the list of APIs and how to use them please refer to the “API” folder on the [AT4039E webpage](#).
- This manual does not explain how to operate the instrument using SmarTest environment. Refer to Advantest’s website below for SmarTest document noting that it may change without notice and also require login privileges provided through Advantest.

<https://www.advantest.com/service-support/ic-test-systems/software-information-and-download/v93000-software-information-and-download>

## Product Software

The instrument includes the following software:

- **AT4039E GUI.**

Instrument GUI runs on Windows XP (32/64 bit), Windows 7,8 and 10.

**NOTE.** These applications require the Microsoft .NET Framework 3.5.

If the Microsoft .NET Framework 3.5 is needed, it can be downloaded through this link:

<http://download.microsoft.com/download/2/0/e/20e90413-712f-438c-988e-fdaa79a8ac3d/dotnetfx35.exe>.

For more products updates, check the following webpage:

<https://multilaneinc.com/products/at4039e/>

### Minimum PC Requirements

The Windows PC properties for the **AT4039E GUI** application should meet the following specifications:

- Windows 7 or greater
- Minimum 1 GB RAM
- 1 Ethernet card to establish connection with the device
- USB connector
- Pentium 4 processor 2.0 GHz or greater
- .NET Framework 3.5 sp1

**NOTE:** It is recommended to connect the BERT via Ethernet to one PC only to prevent conflict from multiple user commands.

**NOTE:** It is not recommended to hook up the instrument to a slow network or to connect to it through WiFi

## Installation

---

This section addresses installation and bring-up of the instrument, addressing the following topics:

- System start-up
- Connection guide

### First Steps

- When you first receive the instrument, it has a pre-configured IP address from the factory. This IP address is printed on a label on the instrument. You may choose to keep this IP or to change it. If you need to change the IP address refer to “How to change IP and update firmware” section.

#### Connect through Ethernet:

Connect the PC to the RJ45 connectors located on the side of the V93000 twinning frame through an Ethernet cable. Ethernet is the only way to control the Multilane cassettes.

In order to connect via Ethernet, you need to know the IP address of the instrument you need to connect to. Check labeling on the cassette shell.

A simple ping using the windows command line interface is recommended to check if your controlling terminal is able to reach the instrument.

- To change the IP address of the board, you need to install the USB drivers (refer to section [USB Driver Installation](#)).

The instrument is now powered up and connected through the right IP address. Next, you need to configure the signal generated.

## GUI Overview

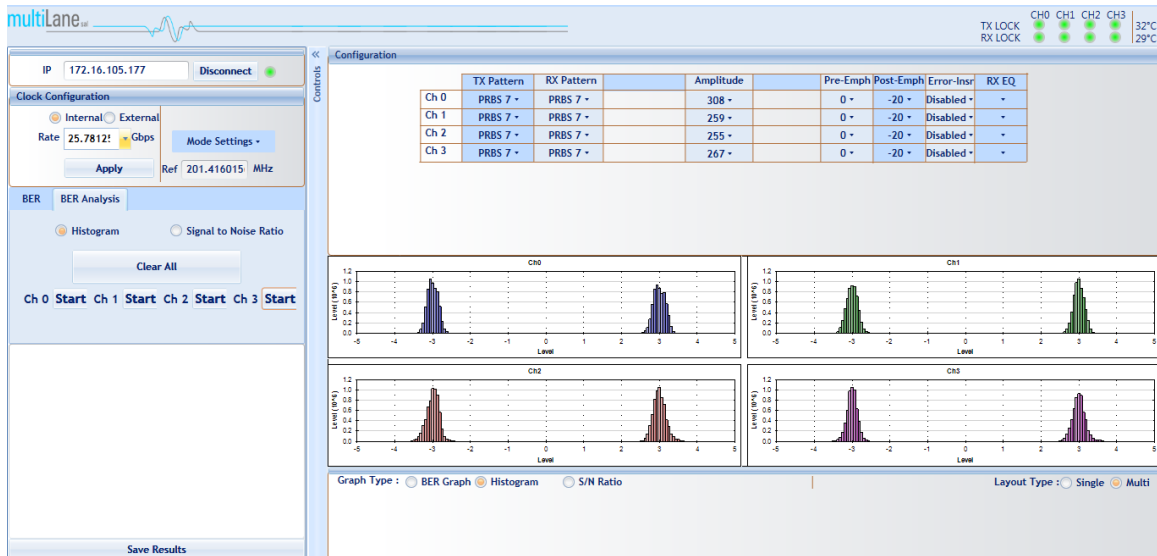


Figure 1: AT4039E GUI

In your instrument's GUI, there are several control fields that are each explained below.

### Instrument Connect Field

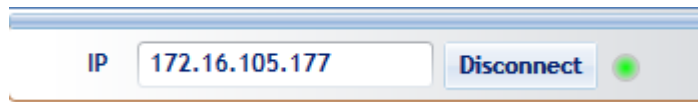


Figure 2: Connect Via Ethernet

The first thing you want to do is to make sure you are connected to the instrument. If you are, the connect button will read Disconnect and the green LED lights up.

### PLL Lock and Temperature Status Field

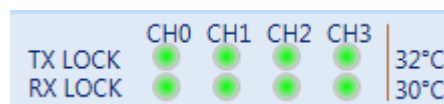


Figure 3: PLL Lock and Temperature Status

Keep an eye on the LEDs and temperature readings on this field. TX Lock means that the PLL of the PPG is locked. RX lock goes green only if a signal of correct polarity and PRBS kind is detected on the error-detector.

If the temperature reaches 65°C, the electronics will auto shut off.



## Reading the installed Firmware Revision

The installed firmware version is displayed in the upper right corner of the GUI.

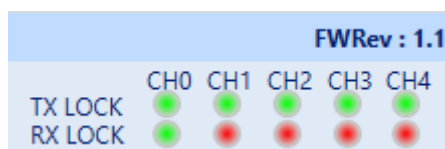


Figure 4: Reading the Installed Firmware Revision

## Line Rate Configuration (Applies to all channels at once)

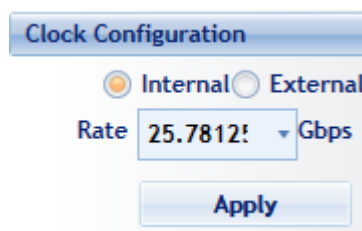
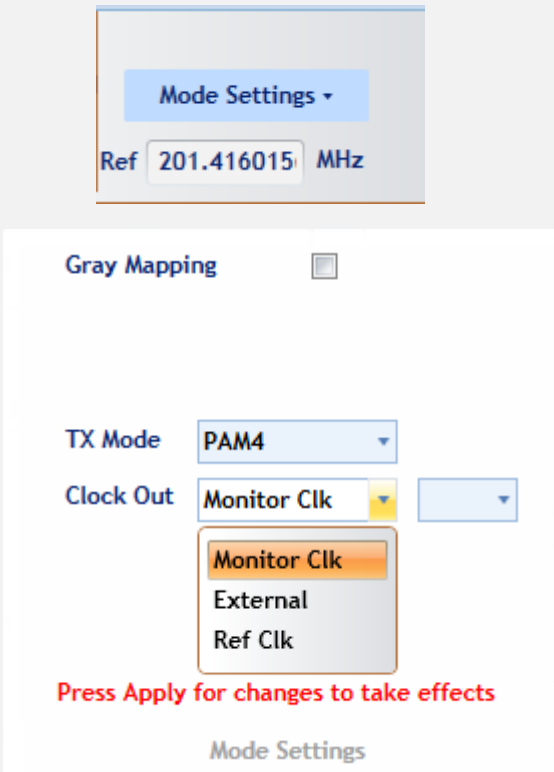
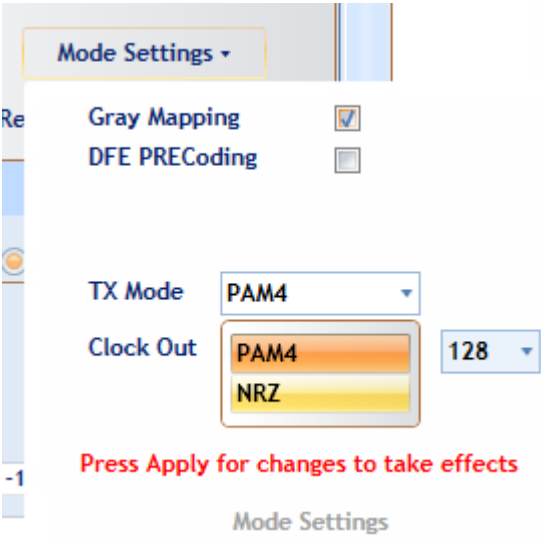


Figure 5: Line Rate Configuration

This is where you set the bitrate for all 4 channels. You can also select the clock input. The clock is internal by default. You should only change to external clock feed in when you need to synchronize two or more AT4039Es to each other in a slave-master fashion; This is achieved by setting the correct jumper configuration on the AT4000 backplane. After changing from internal to external clock and vice versa, you have to click apply for changes to take effect (this takes a few seconds).

## Mode & Clock Out Settings (Apply to all channels at once)

Description	Screenshot
<p>The “Ref” denotes the frequency of the clock output. This is a function of the bitrate and will vary according to your clock-out settings under the “Mode” menu. Knowing the clock frequency being output by the BERT is helpful when you want to trigger an oscilloscope.</p> <p>Some oscilloscopes require a clock frequency above 2 GHz. To get the AT4039E to output that, go under mode settings and select the Clock out to be “Monitor”. Choose the denominator so that the result is within the scope range.</p> <p>In the case of the AT4025 , the Ref Clk is used to generate clock from the AT4039E side.</p>	 <p>The screenshot shows the 'Mode Settings' dialog box. At the top, there is a 'Mode Settings' dropdown menu. Below it, the 'Ref' value is set to '201.416015' MHz. The 'Gray Mapping' checkbox is unchecked. The 'TX Mode' dropdown is set to 'PAM4'. The 'Clock Out' dropdown is set to 'Monitor Clk', and a secondary dropdown to its right is also visible. A red text prompt at the bottom says 'Press Apply for changes to take effects'.</p>
<p>To switch between NRZ and PAM-4 coding, use the TX Mode setting, then click Apply.</p> <p>The options Gray Mapping and DFE pre-coding are only available in PAM4 mode.</p> <p>DFE Pre-coding sends a pre-amble for a DFE receiver to sync to before the actual PRBS pattern is transmitted, to avoid DFE error propagation. The decoder implements a 1+D scheme in response to an <math>x = \frac{1}{1+D}</math> encoding. Currently the DFE precoding is automatic and not user selectable.</p> <p>Gray Mapping enables use of PRBSxxQ defined in IEEE802.3bs. When Gray mapping is enabled, the PRBS13 and PRBS31 under the pattern select menu turn into PRBS13Q and PRBS31Q respectively. Gray mapping basically re-arranges the symbol mapping to the following:</p> <p>00 → 0          01 → 1          11 → 2          10 → 3</p>	 <p>The screenshot shows the 'Mode Settings' dialog box. The 'Mode Settings' dropdown is highlighted. 'Gray Mapping' is checked, and 'DFE PRECoding' is unchecked. 'TX Mode' is set to 'PAM4'. 'Clock Out' is set to 'PAM4', and a secondary dropdown to its right is set to '128'. A red text prompt at the bottom says 'Press Apply for changes to take effects'.</p>

## Pre-Channel Settings

	TX Pattern	RX Pattern	Outer Eye	Amplitude	Inner Eye	Pre-Emph	Post-Emph	Error-Insr	RX EQ
Ch 0	PRBS 9 ▾	PRBS 9 ▾	2000 ▾	213 ▾	1000 ▾	0 ▾	0 ▾	Disabled ▾	0 ▾
Ch 1	PRBS 9 ▾	PRBS 9 ▾	2000 ▾	220 ▾	1000 ▾	0 ▾	0 ▾	Disabled ▾	0 ▾
Ch 2	PRBS 9 ▾	PRBS 9 ▾	2000 ▾	210 ▾	1000 ▾	0 ▾	0 ▾	Disabled ▾	0 ▾
Ch 3	PRBS 9 ▾	PRBS 9 ▾	2000 ▾	222 ▾	1000 ▾	0 ▾	0 ▾	Disabled ▾	0 ▾

You can adjust these settings on a per channel basis. These are:

Description	Screenshot
<p>The AT4039E can output a wide range of pre-defined patterns. In addition to the PRBS patterns, there are linearity and jitter test patterns. Also, on top of the pre-defined patterns the user has the possibility of defining his/her own pattern – more on this further below.</p> <p>Note: error detection only works on the PRBS patterns existing in the RX pattern drop down list. It isn't possible to do error detection on custom defined patterns.</p>	
<p>The custom pattern is made up of 2 fields with 16 hexadecimal characters each. One must fill out both fields with all 32 hex characters. Every hex character is 4 bits wide, making up 2 PAM4 symbols; example 0xF is 1111 so in Gray-coded PAM domain this results in 22, assuming the PAM levels are denoted 0, 1, 2 and 3</p> <p>Example 2: to transmit a stair signal 0123, fill out the fields with repetitions of 1E</p>	
<p>In the RX Pattern menu, one can browse all the patterns with which error detection is possible. Note that TX and RX pattern must be the same to acquire RX lock and consequently be able to do measurements. Also the pattern polarity is very important and makes all the difference between having RX PLL lock or no lock at all. You can ensure correct polarity by connecting the TX-P side of the cable to the RX-P and the TX-N to the RX-N. if you do not respect this rule, you can still invert polarity from the GUI on the RX side only.</p>	

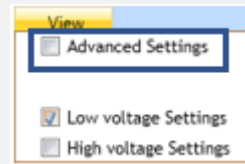
Inner and Outer eye level controls trim the high and low values of the middle PAM eye.

Possible control values range from 500 to 1500 for the inner eye control and from 1500 to 2000 for the outer eye. Optimal values are typically in the middle of the range. Example of tweaking the Outer eye settings is shown below

Inner Eye	Outer Eye
1000 ▾	2000 ▾
1000 ▾	2000 ▾
1000 ▾	2000 ▾
1000 ▾	2000 ▾

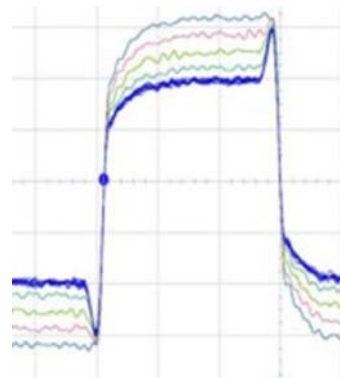
The default amplitude control is calibrated in millivolt values but does not allow you to change the equalizer settings. If you need to change the FFE tap settings, please go to **View** then enable 'Advanced Settings'. This enables you to control pre- and post-emphasis values for each channel, but amplitude values will not be shown in millivolt. By default, three taps are shown and can be edited. Think of the amplitude as a digital equalizer with main tap, pre-cursor (pre-emphasis) and post-cursor (post-emphasis). In the regular case, pre- and post-cursors are set to zero; the amplitude is controlled using the main tap. The main, pre- and post-taps use digital values ranging between -1000 and +1000. Increasing and decreasing the pre and post cursors will also affect the amplitude. Please ensure that the sum of pre-, post and main cursors is  $\leq 1000$  to have optimal performance. If the sum of taps exceeds 1000, linearity of the TX signal cannot be maintained.

### Amplitude Settings:

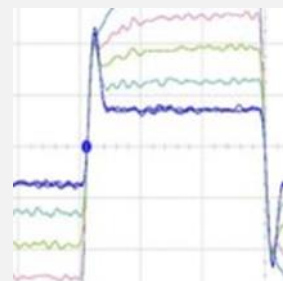


Pre Emp	Main Tap	Post Emp
0 ▾	1000 ▾	0 ▾
0 ▾	1000 ▾	0 ▾
0 ▾	1000 ▾	0 ▾
0 ▾	1000 ▾	0 ▾
0 ▾	1000 ▾	0 ▾

Pre-cursor effect on a pulse



Post-cursor effect on a pulse



The user can also edit a 7 taps coefficients instead of just 3 taps by clicking on **Mode Settings** and then checking the box of **7taps**.

After applying the settings, the seven-tap control will be available for editing under the amplitude menu. Any one of the 7 taps can be defined as main tap; in this case, taps preceding it will be pre-cursors. Likewise, taps following the main tap will be post-cursors.

The slicer is the default mode. The reflection canceller consumes more power but is useful for strenuous channels containing transitions of impedance

Error insertion is carried out on a block by block basis. Each block is 64 bits, divided into 32 MSBs and 32 LSBs.

## 7 Taps Settings:

**Clock Configuration**

Internal External  
 Rate 25.7812 Gbps  
 Ref 151.654411 MHz

Mode Settings -  
 Apply

7taps

TX Mode NRZ  
 Clock Out Ref Clk

Optimal Settings  
 Press Apply for changes to take effects

7 taps	
Tap 0	71
Tap 1	-244
Tap 2	546
Tap 3	-28
Tap 4	-100
Tap 5	0
Tap 6	14

Taps Level

## RX Equalization

DSP mode Slicer for non strenuous li

Slicer for non strenuous links  
 Slicer with reflection canceller

Please click the "Set" button to apply changes.

Set

DFE Level

## Error Insertion

Error Ins  
 Enabled

## Example Inner and Outer Settings Effect:

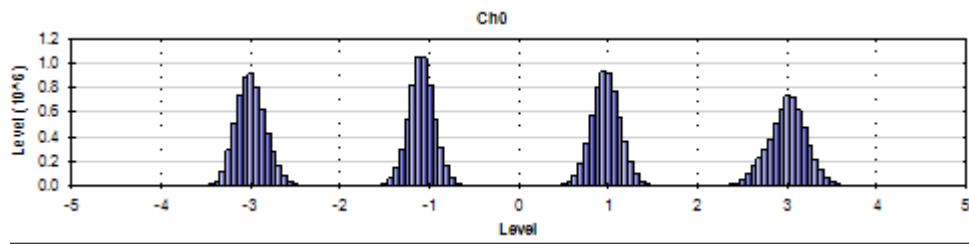


Figure 6: Default Inner and Outer settings of 1000 and 2000

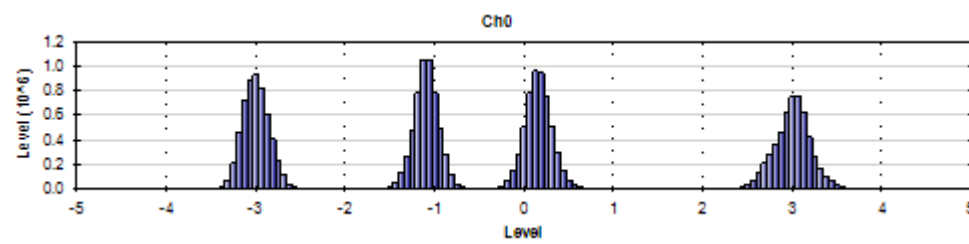


Figure 7: Outer Eye is set 1600; Inner eye kept at 2000

### Bit Error Ratio Reading

To be able to start BER measurements, the instrument ports should be in the loopback mode, which means TX port should be connected to the RX port and the PPG and ED patterns should match. One does not necessarily need to supply a PRBS from the same physical instrument – the source can be a different instrument and the error-detector of the AT4039E can derive its own clock from the received data (no need for a separate clock link). However, if Gray coding is used in the source, one should tell the receiver to expect Gray coding as well. If there is a match in pattern, polarity, and coding but still no lock, there could be an MSB/LSB swap on one side.

### BER Control

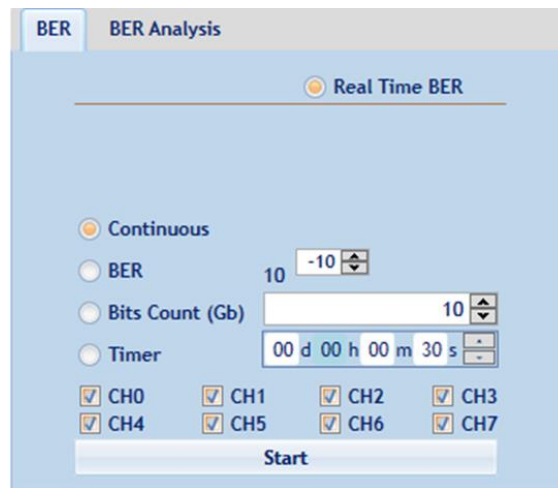


Figure 8: BER Control panel

A BER measurement can run in continuous mode and will not stop until the user intervenes and clicks the stop button. BER can also be set to run until a target value is reached or until a certain number of bits has been transmitted (units of 10 gigabits). The Timer lets the user set a time for the BER to stop.

### BER Table of Results

The summary of BER measurements is shown in the following pane:

Bit Count	1.45e+14	
	BER	Error Count
Ch0	5.21e-06	7.56e+11
Ch1	7.29e-06	1.06e+12
Ch2	7.70e-07	1.12e+11
Ch3	6.25e-06	9.06e+11

Save Results

## BER Graph

Plots BER values collected on the graph

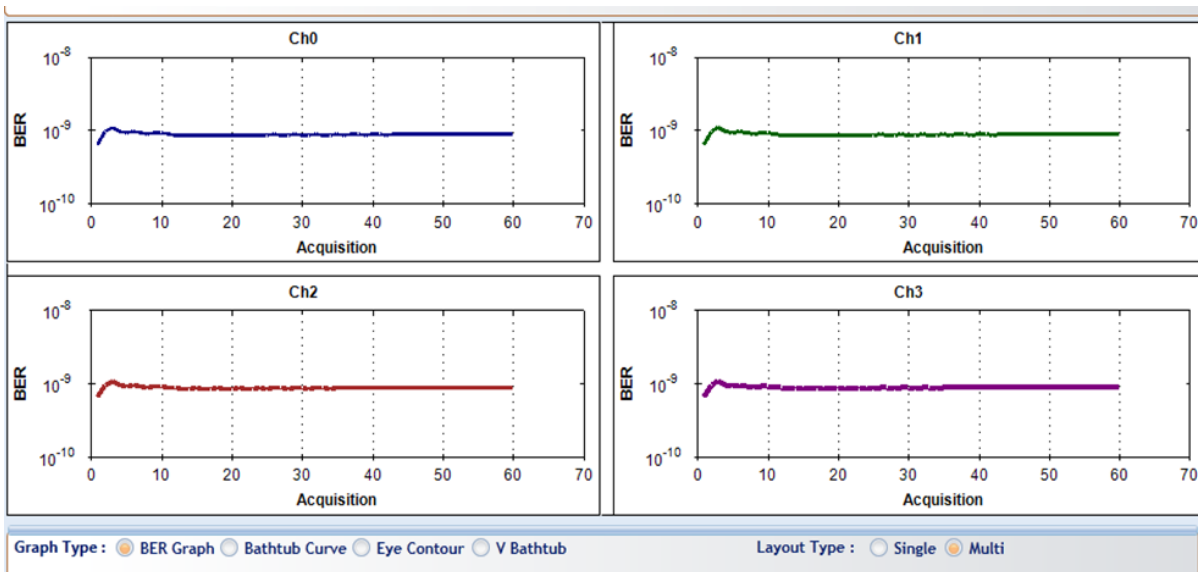


Figure 9: BER Graphs

## Histogram Analysis

The histogram is the tool of choice to troubleshoot the link. You can think of it as a scope built into the receiver and it works even if you do not have pattern lock. For both NRZ and PAM signals, the histogram graph is shown as follows:

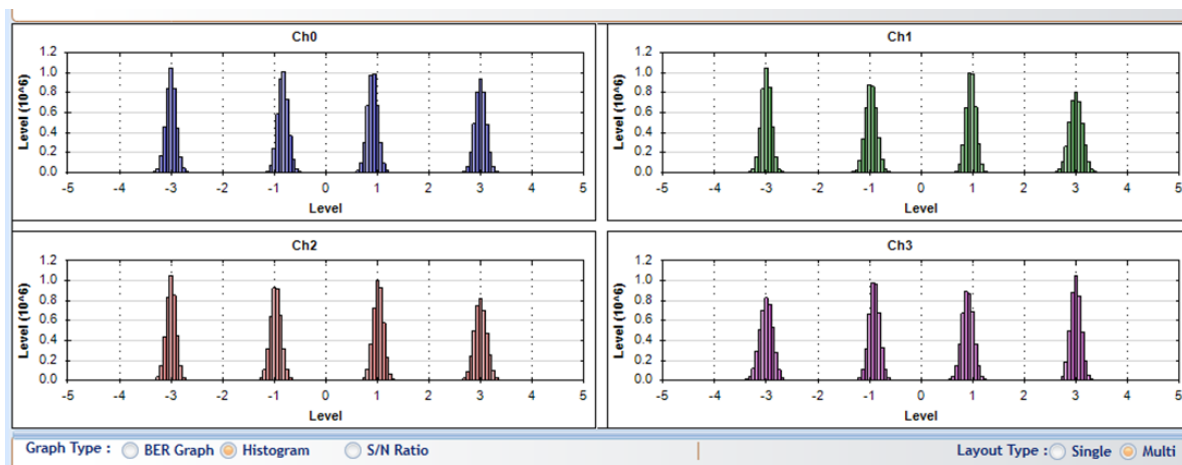


Figure 10: PAM Histogram

- The thinner the peaks the better the performance of the PAM signal and the less the jitter. These peaks can be enhanced using the pre/post-emphasis available.



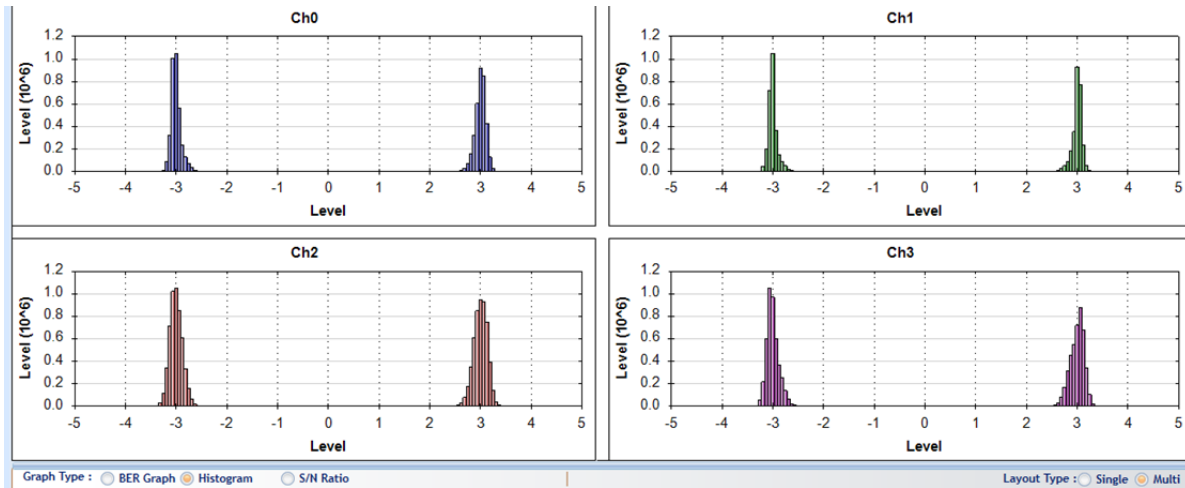


Figure 11: NRZ Histogram

- The same analogy applies as that of the PAM histogram.

## Signal to Noise Ratio Analysis

SNR is a quantitative way to measure the strength of the received signal - it is given in dB.

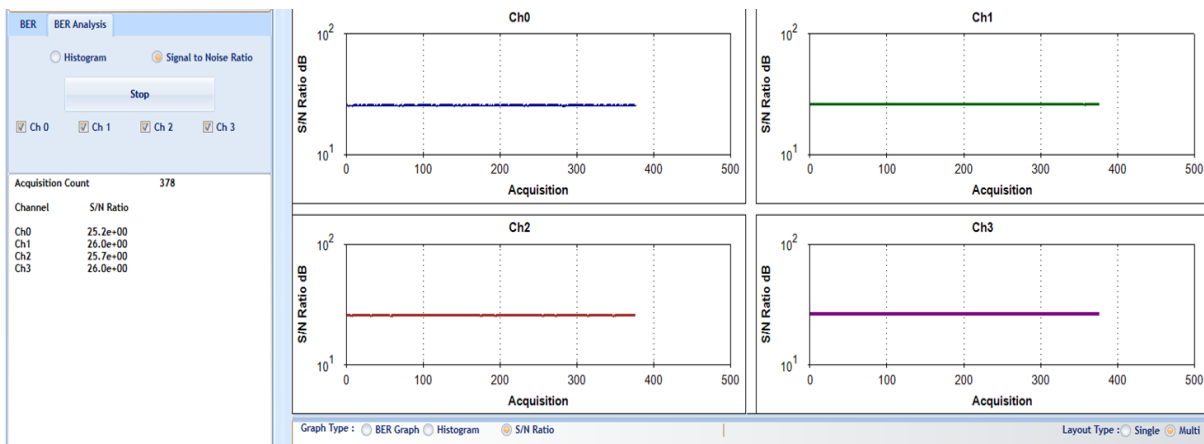


Figure 12: SNR ratio for PAM signal

## Log file System

In the **AT4039E** BERT there is a log file system, where every exception handled or unhandled by the GUI will be saved. After the first run, the GUI creates a file in the main directory/exception log, and saves all the existed exceptions. In case the user had a problem with the software, he can send the exception file to our team.

Note: the exception file will be deleted automatically after every 1 week of work.

## Saving and Loading Settings

The instrument always saves the last used settings in non-volatile memory. These settings are automatically restored the next time you connect to the BERT. In addition, you can create and save your own set of setup files and can revert to them when needed. Look for the Save/Load menu in the menu bar of the GUI.

## How to Change IP Address and Update Firmware

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For info regarding changing IP address and updating firmware of the AT4039E, kindly download “Maintenance” folder from <https://multilaneinc.com/products/at4039e/>. The folder consists of the following:

- **ML Maintenance GUI**
- **USB Driver**
- **User Guide**